



ALEXANDRIA, VA.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 30.

THE BRITISH TREATY ratified by the U. S. Senate yesterday, provides for a board of arbitration, to which shall be submitted five propositions, which, however, can be reduced to two, whether Behring Sea, the northern part of the Pacific Ocean, is or is not an open sea, and if the United States have the sole right to all the seals that swim in that sea. The simple statement of these propositions is all that is required to foretell with accuracy the decision of the board. The claim of President Harrison that this country has sole jurisdiction over Behring Sea, and sole ownership of all the seals in that sea, is no less absurd than would be that of England to like jurisdiction over the Arctic Sea, and like ownership of all the seals in that sea. The case is settled before it has begun.

Whether the defeat of the silver bill be due to Senator Hill or Mr. Speaker Crisp, the people of the country can thank their stars that it was defeated, and that their currency was not depreciated by allowing a metal, sold in the public market for eighty cents an ounce, to be taken to the mints and coined into legal tender dollars for the owners, without cost, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-nine cents an ounce. Why the attempt to pass a bill for such a purpose was ever made has never yet been satisfactorily explained. That it had so many supporters in the South, is a sad reflection upon the intelligence of the people of that section of the Union.

THE REPUBLICAN protectionists refuse to allow the poor people of this country to save money by purchasing imported clothing, but they do allow the rich who travel abroad to save thousands by purchasing there and bringing home with them as much clothing as they please. The democratic members of the ways and means committee of the House of Representatives, realizing the favoritism and injustice of this, have determined to do what they can to stop it, and for that purpose will introduce a bill in the House to prevent Americans returning from Europe from bringing home with them more than one hundred dollars' worth of foreign made clothing.

Mrs. HENRY WARD BEECHER denounces her sister-in-law, Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, for having written a letter to her brother, during his trial, in which she said: "You know you are guilty, Henry." She does this now, because Mrs. Hooker has recently said her brother was a spiritualist. Spiritualist or not, that his sister spoke the truth when she said he was guilty, was demonstrated to all unprejudiced minds at the time of his trial, and will forever remain as the verdict of the American people, though the jury that tried him failed to agree.

A PATENT illustration of the evanescence of human affairs is afforded by the fact that Mr. Miller, having left the U. S. House of Representatives today to go to the Senate, of all the members of that body only two, Mr. Blount of Georgia, and Mr. Bland of Missouri, were members of it so late as the 431 Congress. A few of the others, but very few, are now in the Senate, and a few have been relegated to private life, but nearly all the rest have joined the great majority, and little they seek now of what is going on in the "Cave of the Winds."

FROM WASHINGTON.
[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30, 1882.

At the Bureau investigation today Mr. Raus testified to the fact that he had had a clerk named Renaud removed from his office because he suspected him of writing a letter to the New York Tribune describing the fraud and corruption carried on in the pension bureau, and that subsequently, when Raus had obtained a clerkship in the census office, he had tried to have him removed from that also. A correspondent of the Tribune testified that Renaud never wrote any such letter.

A petition has been presented in both houses of Congress for a grand unveiling of the Lafayette statue here during the meeting of the G. A. R. in this city next September, and that as many troops as possible be assembled here for that purpose.

Senator Mills, who was sworn in today, has only been elected for eleven months, that is, for the remainder of the term that ends on the 4th of next March. This legislature is to be elected next November and in January elect a Senator for a full term, and Mr. Mills expects to be re-elected with little or no opposition. Mr. Mills' wife and daughter were in the Senate today and witnessed the incidents attending his admission to the membership of that body with evident delight. He sent to them by pages the numerous bouquets that had been placed upon his desk by some of his many admirers. Nearly all the Senators came to his desk after he had taken his seat and greeted him, among the first being the delegation from Virginia. Of the House delegation Messrs. Meredith and Buchanan were among those who saw him sworn in and who congratulated him.

The Senate naval committee agreed today to report favorably the bill to transfer the revenue marine to the naval service.

The House military committee adopted a rule that they would not consider any bills this year of the character of that for the Mt. Vernon avenue, but at General Wheeler's instance agreed to deviate from that rule in the case of the bill referred to, and referred that bill to a sub-committee, as heretofore stated in this correspondence. The General told the GAZETTE's correspondent this morning that he would fix a day for hearing arguments on the bill as soon as practicable.

Senator Hill has returned from New York, having attended satisfactorily the business that carried him there. Some of his friends who came on with him say he has as much

of carrying that State by fifty thousand majority if nominated at Chicago. They also say that the democrats of New York take no notice of the instructed delegations from Minnesota and other republican States, for the simple reason that those States would not vote for General Washington, if he could be reelected and be the democratic Presidential candidate.

Frank L. Coombs, of California, was today nominated for minister to Japan.

Secretary Tracy will leave here on the Norfolk boat this evening to attend the launching of the cruiser Raleigh at Norfolk, Va., to-morrow.

Secretary Blaine and General Foster had a conference with the President this morning in regard to the details of the reply to be made to Lord Salisbury's note agreeing to a renewal of last year's modus vivendi under certain conditions respecting industry. A letter prepared by Secretary Blaine was accepted at the conference this morning as defining the position of this government on the subject. Its contents will probably be communicated to Sir Julian Pannecote to-morrow and as they call for no material change in the proposition of Lord Salisbury it is expected that an agreement on that point will be reached in a short time.

The democratic members of the House ways and means committee at a conference this morning determined to close the general debate on the free wool bill this week, and to try to bring that bill to a vote next Monday. To allow all who may desire to speak on it night sessions of the House will be held. A session to-night will be held for that purpose.

The bill to give West Virginia bare share of the direct land tax, and to settle the government's claims against Virginia on the same terms as those accepted by the State's other creditors, came up in the Senate this evening, but was postponed until 2 p. m. to-morrow.

Congressmen Wise and Meredith of Virginia, are in receipt of numerous letters from their respective districts endorsing their refusal to sign the petition for a gag rule by which the silver bill could be passed. With reference to the bill referred to, it may be said that while Mr. Hatch and some other silverites say a majority of the democratic members of the House will request the Speaker to report a resolution fixing a day and hour for a vote on that bill, and that such a resolution will be adopted, and while others say another attempt will be made to take up the bill without the gag law, the general impression among the friends of the bill is that it will never come up again in the House at this session of Congress. Though Mr. Edmunds of Virginia declined yesterday to deny the report that he had signed the petition for the gag rule upon the ground that the proceedings of the conference of the Virginia delegation were secret, the obligation of secrecy has been removed, and it is so stated in yesterday's GAZETTE. Mr. Ames of the Petersburg district is the only member of the delegation who did not agree to sign that petition.

B. W. Nash was today appointed postmaster at Nash, Nelson county, Va., vice K. D. Nash, resigning.

It is said that Mr. William Dixon has abandoned the idea of contesting for a place as one of the delegates from the District of Columbia to the Chicago convention.

Congressman Tucker of Virginia has gone to Rhode Island to make speeches for the democrats in the political campaign now being fought there.

Senator Hill and the Tariff.
To the Editor of the Alexandria Gazette:

Do you fully endorse the sentiments of Senator Hill as expressed in a speech at Augusta, Ga., published in your paper of the 22nd instant, wherein he stands for tariff reform, and does not object to incidental protection, or rather as I would express it, obstruction of trade, that a few years of the excesses of the tariff? Do you suppose he has ever considered the full results of a tariff for revenue? That it often compels the impoverished classes to give up all their surplus earnings over a scanty living to support the general government. Whereas the millionaires may largely escape federal taxation by living in foreign countries. Do you not believe the people of this country will sometime in the future overthrow such a horrible system of taxation, without regard to the merits of the cause of the party that advocates it? Mr. Hill takes special pains to express his dislike of the absolute free traders hanging upon the skirts of the democratic party. The party is now taking good measures for relieving itself of this undesirable alliance. All it has to do is to go on advancing such leaders as Mr. Hill, or to contract and all honest, fair, independent thinkers on political economic questions will naturally fall away from it. Yours respectfully,
FRED TRAMER, Absolute.

Wyoming, Pa., March 28, 1882

THE GAZETTE is a rock-ribbed believer in absolute free trade, and does all it can to extend that belief. But, knowing that the people have not yet been educated up to that point, it, like Senator Hill, advocates the next best thing, which is a tariff only for revenue; and, in order to obtain that, and to do away with the unequal, unjust and oppressive tariff imposed by the McKinley bill, it supports for President the man who can get the vote of the State that will decide the next Presidential election, and not the man who lost it four years ago.]

The Forum for April has been received from its publishers in New York. Its contents are: A Review of My Opinions, by Edward A. Froman; A Campaign for a Principle, by Hon. William L. Wilson; The Democratic Revolt in New York, by Frederic R. Condit; How the New York Senate was Controlled, by Matthew Hale; Our Atlantic Supply and its Distribution, by Joseph S. Harris; President of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company; The Germans as Emigrants and Colonists, by Prof. E. H. Geffcken; The Free Trade Tendency of William H. by Fostley Blythe; The coming of Senator Hill, by E. L. Ham; Ham's Reformatory Prisons as schools of Crime, by William P. Andrews; The Speech of Monkeys, by E. L. Gaudner; Is Iowa a Doubtful State? by Gov. John N. Irwin; The Burial Monopoly of Paris, by Edmund R. Spearman.

The Behring Sea Affair.

The Senate yesterday evening in executive session reached a conclusion on the Behring Sea treaty, and it was ratified without a dissenting vote.

The Senate having ratified the treaty submitting the controversy to arbitration, the duty devolves on President Harrison to name two arbitrators to represent the United States. Great Britain also names arbitrators, one of whom will probably be appointed from Canada. The remaining three arbitrators are one from Norway and Sweden, one from France, and one from Italy. Mr. Harrison has requested an Minister Phelps to act as the American agent before the board of arbitration. Of the two arbitrators, it is understood that he has requested ex-Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, to be one of the arbitrators. It is understood that the other arbitrator will be selected from the East, and it is hinted that it may be a democrat. The arguments and proceedings before the arbitrators are to be in the English language, and the arbitrators are to make their decision, if possible, within four months instead of three from the close of the arguments of counsel.

After the result had been announced, the usual resolution notifying the President of the action of the Senate was passed, and the consideration of the treaty was complete. It is understood that the Cabinet at its meeting yesterday practically agreed to accept Lord Salisbury's proposition for a renewal of last year's modus vivendi, with certain limitations as to the character of damages, to be left to the determination of the arbitrators.

Methodist Conference.

The Baltimore conference of the M. E. Church South closed its session in Harrisonburg yesterday to meet at Front Royal next year.

Nearly all the time of the morning session was taken up by concluding the passage of the characters of the ministers of several districts. The name of Rev. J. N. McCormick, of Winchester, who has entered the Protestant Episcopal Church, was the first name called. Rev. Ramsey Smithson, presiding elder of Winchester district, reported that there was nothing against him, and he surrendered his parchment. No comment was made.

The report of the board of colporteurs was next read. It urges the establishment of a system of colporteurs for the distribution of the church literature, and recommended the appointment of J. J. Eggleston as agent for the conference. Some of the members objected to the appointment of Mr. Eggleston, and recommended the appointment of Rev. J. Edgar Wilson, as he is now in the regular literature business.

This brought on a lively debate among the members, and one member was ordered to take his seat. The report was recommended.

Bishop Keener made a few remarks in regard to the church literature business, and the conference adjourned until the afternoon.

At the afternoon session the report of the committee on education was adopted. Dr. W. A. Harris was reappointed president of the Wesleyan Female Institute; Dr. J. P. Hyde was reappointed president of the Valley Female College at Winchester. Dr. Boyle made a short address in regard to his church paper, in which he stated that his connection with the Episcopal Methodist would soon end, and that Dr. Cox will be the sole proprietor of the paper. Dr. Lafferty made an address in the interest of his paper, the Christian Advocate, at Richmond. The report of the committee on Bible cause was read and adopted.

The report of the board on Sunday School was adopted.

Rev. J. B. Reese, of the M. E. Church, was admitted into this conference.

Members of the Board of Colportage submitted their report, and it was not accepted, and they were again ordered to make a report.

At the night session a resolution was adopted requesting the commissioners of the Columbian Exposition to have that exposition closed on Sundays.

Reports of the Board of Extension were read and adopted. The Joint Board of Finance submitted their report, and the same was adopted. The Board of Colportage could not make a report, and therefore no one was elected agent. This is the third time this board has reported and could not agree.

The appointments were then announced, among them being the following: Washington District—Presiding elder, R. R. S. Hough, Washington city—Mount Vernon, J. T. Wightman, R. L. Fultz, W. A. Wade (superintendent); Grace Mission, J. C. Jones, J. W. Butler (superintendent); Alexandria, Thomas E. Carson; Falls Church, J. E. Armstrong; Fairfax, J. H. Davidson; Dranesville, O. B. Seaton, J. H. Schooley; Leesburg, B. F. Ball; Hamilton, W. Gleason; Hillsboro, J. H. Dalaney; Middleburg, H. T. Stevens; Loudmark, J. L. Shipley; Piedmont, J. T. Keaser, J. H. Greenhaw (superintendent); Fredericksburg, Ramsey Smithson; Warrenton, J. W. Grabb; Fauquier Mission, W. E. Miller; Morrisville, John O. Tackett; Sudley to be supplied; John M. Miller; Manassas, J. E. Coleman; Stafford, to be supplied; Occoquan, C. K. Milligan; J. C. Newton, missionary to Japan.

Presiding Elder—Winchester District, David Bush, John A. Kern, professor in Randolph Mason College.

Rockingham District—Presiding Elder: J. S. Gardner.

Ryanke District—Presiding Elder: P. H. Whisner.

Lewisburg District—Presiding Elder: W. G. Hammond.

Moorefield District—Presiding Elder: G. T. Tyler.

Before adjournment Statistical Secretary Asbury B. Martin submitted his report, which contained the following figures: Washington District—Members, 7,049; additions, 776; removals, 458; baptisms, adults 291, infants 174; number of churches, 64; value, \$177,200; parsonages 17, value \$32,800; other church property, \$16,920; expenditures on churches and parsonages, \$9,112; indebtedness, \$7,355; collected for missions, support, \$2,995; for foreign missions, \$2,013; home missions, \$1,012; church extension, \$405; number of Sunday schools, 74; teachers and officers, 840; scholars 5,369; money collected for Sunday schools \$2,466; for missions, \$1,646; total raised, \$4,112; conversions in schools, 233.

Richmond Terminal Affairs.

The representatives of the Richmond Terminal reorganization committee appeared before the committee on stock list of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday afternoon to make application for the listing of the receipts issued by the Central Trust Company against deposits of Terminal and other securities under the plan. It is stated that the application was favorably received, and the committee suggested that in the circumstances it seemed desirable that the application should be acted upon at once, and that a special meeting of the governing committee will be held to-morrow.

Interest upon the following securities of the Richmond Terminal, due April 1, will be paid at the Fourth National Bank: Richmond and Danville Railroad debentures, Richmond and Danville consol mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad second mortgage bonds, Columbia and Greenville Railroad second mortgage bonds, Georgia Pacific Railway consol second mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, North western North Carolina Railroad first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, Danville and Western Railway first mortgage bonds.

General Alexander has resigned the presidency of the Georgia Central railroad and H. M. Comer, of Savannah, takes his place.

CONGRESSIONAL.—The Paddock pure food bill was reported to the House yesterday. The House banking committee reported a bill for the organization of an international American bank. Representative Hatch, from the committee on Agriculture, reported to the House a bill designed to make oleomargarine manufactured in one State or Territory for shipment into another State or Territory subject to the laws and restrictions of the State or Territory into which it is shipped. At a conference of the democratic members of the ways and means committee it was decided to report a bill limiting to \$100 in value the amount of clothing that may be purchased abroad and brought into American ports free of duty. The free wool bill was discussed in the committee of the whole.

Look out for cold weather and don't catch cold, but if you do, nothing will meet the requirements of your affliction so well, as Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents a bottle.

None so cheap or good as Salvation Oil, the greatest cure on earth for pain. Price 25 cents.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress.
WASHINGTON, March 30.
SENATE

The feature of the morning business in the Senate was the induction of Senator-elect Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, to his new dignity. A handsome floral basket and two bouquets of roses, lilies, and carnations adorned the desk in the Senate chamber of the framer of the Mills bill. The seat of Mr. Mills is on the extreme right of the democratic side of the chamber. It is in the second row, but is one of the least desirable seats in the chamber. Senator Mills has the desk immediately in front of Senator Mills.

A number of Mr. Mills' colleagues in the House came over to the north end of the Capitol building to witness the ceremonies of his induction into his new office. Fifty or more of the members of the House lined the rear of the democratic side of the chamber when Mr. Mills was escorted into the Senate chamber by his colleague, Senator Ooke. Mr. Mills was looking in splendid health and in very good humor.

Senator Vilas greeted him as he was escorted to his seat.

After several reports from committees had been received Senator Ooke presented the credentials of Roger Q. Mills, as Senator-elect from the State of Texas.

After the reading of the credentials Vice-President Morton announced that they would be recorded and placed on the files, and requested the Senator-elect to come forward and take the oath of office, which he did, escorted to the Vice-President's desk by Senator Ooke. Vice-President Morton read the oath of office, to which Mr. Mills signified his assent by a formal bow and by his signature. The new Senator then returned to the rear of the Senate where he was compelled to hold a reception, as his former associates in the House crowded forward and caused more confusion than is usual in the decorous Senate by extending warmly their congratulations. Minister Montt, of Chili also extended his good wishes. Mr. Brand was by the side of George Fred. Williams and Tom Watson, and Jerry Simpson by the side of Representatives Sayers and Lynch were in the line of members wishing Mr. Mills success in his new field of duty.

The Committee on Foreign Relations reported a bill for the punishment of violations of treaty rights of aliens. This bill was suggested by the Italian troubles in New Orleans last year.

Senator Sanford, of California, then addressed the Senate in support of the bills to determine the value of a legal tender dollar.

At the conclusion of his speech the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill was resumed.

HOUSE.

On the floor of the House this morning before the hour of noon, there were but few members, but those few congregated behind the screens on the democratic side and rendered an informal reception to Mr. Mills, of Texas, who today severs his long association with the lower branch of Congress in order to assume the toga of the Senate. While he was congratulated on every hand upon his promotion the congratulations were blended with earnest regrets that the House had lost one of its prominent leaders and the individual members a pleasant and able colleague.

Mr. McMilla, of Tennessee, stating that it was the desire of the committee on ways and means to close the discussion on the wool bill on Saturday, asked that an evening session be held to-night for general debate. There was no objection and the House went into the committee of the whole on the free wool bill.

Foreign News.

PARIS, March 30.—A large crowd proceeded to the church of St. Maurice this morning with the object of listening to a lecture address. Arrived at the church they found the doors closed and that the address had been suspended by order of the ecclesiastical authorities. The crowd finally became uproarious, shouting and yelling and in other ways acting in a most disorderly manner. The police ordered the crowd to disperse, but the mob was in a fighting mood, and after a short but quite severe conflict the rioters were put to flight.

MELBOURNE, Mar. 30.—The police here believe they have discovered proofs that Deeming, in addition to his many other crimes, murdered a man named Keays, with whom he went to the Cape of Good Hope from Australia in 1888.

PARIS, Mar. 30.—Father Furber, the Scotch Jesuit, whom the government ordered to leave France for using language of an insulting nature in regard to the French army, left the country to-day. He proceeded to London.

ST. PETERSBURG, Mar. 30.—Reports received from the American agents in the distressed provinces contradict the statements that the peasants are in no further need of assistance. These statements have created much anxiety among the peasants who are in urgent need of corn, especially seed corn. They fear that the statements will deter Americans from sending further aid. Mr. Murphy, one of the American agents, will leave an appeal to the German-American people for aid.

PARIS, Mar. 30.—In accordance with the decision of the government forty of the leading foreign anarchists in Paris were ordered to leave the city to-day. No actual crimes are charged against these men, but they are known to be hand in glove with the French anarchists and it is believed they will be far less dangerous if they are driven from the country. Several other anarchists, who were warned a short time ago to leave France, paid no attention to the warning and gave no sign that they intended to depart. To-day they were taken in charge by the police and confined to the frontier. The anarchists who have been notified to leave are Italians, Germans, Austrians, Swiss and Belgians. They must leave the country within twenty-four hours. The

archivist, Leon Ravachol, who is believed to be the author of the two last explosions in this city, was taken into custody to-day. He made a sharp struggle and drew a revolver against his captors but was soon overcome.

SOUTHAMPTON, Mar. 30.—The steamer Elder, which was towed to this port yesterday by the wrecking steamer that pulled her off Atherfield ledge, has been placed in a berth. She will be surveyed and the full extent of the damage she has sustained ascertained.

A Lively Rush Anticipated.

GUTHRIE, Okla., March 30.—All of the allotments to Indians on the Cheyenne and Arapahoe agencies have been completed, county seats and lines located and other preliminary arrangements made so that everything is in readiness for the President's proclamation. At El Reno, Kingfisher and Hennessey every hotel and boarding house is packed and hundreds are living in temporary sheds and tents. Every incoming train is loaded down and thousands are coming in wagons. Wagon trains can be seen going in that direction, some of which are a mile in length. Five hundred negroes are coming to the new lands on foot from Arkansas. It is estimated that by April 10, the day fixed for the opening, fully 50,000 people will be ready to enter the lands. About one-fifth of these will be negroes. The Cheyenne and Arapahoe tribes, who have been allotted lands in this reservation, number 3,500, and none of them are civilized in the least. It has been but a few years since they were openly on the war path. Over five hundred of them are now holding a ghost dance at the Red Hills, north of Fort Reno and declare their Messiah will yet come in time to keep the horde of whites out of their lands.

Walt Whitman's Funeral.

CAMDEN, N. J., Mar. 30.—The remains of Walt Whitman, the poet, were interred this afternoon in his tomb at Harleigh Cemetery after impressive funeral services, which were attended by a large throng of people, including many well known in literary circles. No services were held at the house and the mourning procession moved in silence to the cemetery. At the tomb Francis Howard Wilson, of Philadelphia, read selections from the scriptures and the poet's writings. Dr. R. M. Backe, Whitman's biographer, spoke at length on the life and character of the dead poet as shown by his works. Thomas B. Harred and Dr. Daniel G. Brinton also made addresses, and the ceremonies were concluded by an address from Robert G. Ingersoll, the intimate friend of Whitman.

Treasure Trove.

OZARK, Ark., Mar. 30.—During the late war Mrs. Mary Wilson buried a jar containing \$3,000 in gold, and as her death was very sudden her heirs found no clue which would lead to the discovery of the money, and it was thought that it had been found and carried off. Not long since Millesse Whitlock, who was ploughing on the Wilson farm, which is eighteen miles west of this place, found the jar and contents. He endeavored to keep the matter a secret, but it leaked out, and the grand children of Mrs. Wilson have brought suit against Whitlock to recover the money.

Murdered.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 30.—Last night Thomas Edwards, a farmer living alone near Madison cross-roads, Ala., was murdered and his house then burned over him. Two neighbors, Peter Martin and John Mullins, have mysteriously disappeared and are claimed to be the guilty parties. A deputy sheriff has been sent in pursuit of them. When it was proposed to search Martin's house his wife broke down in tears. He and Mullins are believed to be in the mountains of Jackson county, Ala.

Burning of a Hotel.

BOSTON, Mar. 30.—Clark's Hotel was badly damaged by fire which broke out at four o'clock this morning. Some of the guests, supposing that the entire lower floor was in flames, jumped out of the windows. Several of them were badly injured, two of them fatally. So rapidly did the flames spread that it was impossible for the guests to save anything, some of them barely having time enough to dress. The loss on the building is estimated at \$25,000.

He got the Drop.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Mar. 30.—Yesterday Adjutant Gil and Surgeon General Helm, armed with knives and pistols, visited the Republican office and attempted to carve W. L. Vall, the Associated Press correspondent. Vall got the drop on them, however, and marched them out at the muzzle of a six-shooter.

Railroad Accident.

READING, Pa., March 30.—The crew lost control of a train coming down a steep grade near here last night and the engine and cars crashed into a light locomotive. Both engines were badly damaged and the cars sent flying in every direction. Two brakemen were crushed to death.

Kentucky Republicans.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Mar. 30.—The convention to choose delegates at-large to the republican convention at Minneapolis met here to-day. District delegates have already been elected. Harrison will probably receive the support of the delegation.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Mexicans who claim to know of Garza's plans say that invasion into Mexico will be resumed during next month.

General Danl. Dastin, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, is lying at the point of death at the home of his daughter, in Carthage, Mo.

L. E. Francis, the apostle of Weinforth, the Illinois false Christ, died in Richmond, Ky., this morning in his 65th year. He often declared that he would die as Christ was already on earth, with heaven at Rockford, Mrs. Johanna Manzoni, an Italian woman, jumped from the window of her home in New York last morning and was instantly killed. Her suicide is attributed to remorse for unfaithfulness to her husband.

Joe. Lighter, ex-policeman and ex-convict, residing at Soldiers' Home, Dayton, Ohio,

went to his home at Findlay, O., this morning and mortally wounded his wife and two daughters with a hatchet. The women were good people.

Judge Peter Wood, Calmar, Maryland, oldest judge, died in Baltimore to-day, aged 87 years.

Governor McKinley, of Ohio, has appointed C. L. Poorman, Secretary of State, vice D. J. Ryan, resigned.

It is reported in Berlin that Herr Hasauer, director of the office of justice of the Empire, will succeed Dr. Von Besse, the new Prussian minister of public instruction, as imperial minister of justice.

A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says it is reported that Forto Colmba intends to make armed resistance to the national authorities.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

A. B. Adams, a former citizen of Fredericksburg, died at his residence in Caroline on Monday last, aged about 80 years.

Judge George S. O'Fallon, of Norfolk, died last night at Surgeon Point, on the James river.

Mrs. Pierce Ashby, of Clarke county, died on Monday of pneumonia, aged about 35 years. She leaves a husband and five small children.

On Saturday night a negro named Isaac Bradson broke into a home in Charles City county, occupied by three ladies, and, with threats to kill, then assaulted one of them. The negro has been arrested.

A cablegram has been received at Staunton, announcing the death at Van Vanclo, Brazil, of Rev. Wm. Lane, a Presbyterian missionary. Mrs. Lane is now in Lynchburg. Mrs. Lane had expected to sail for Brazil in a few weeks to join her husband. Both Mr. and Mrs. Lane have been zealous workers in the missionary field for a number of years.

Governor Thomas M. Holt, of North Carolina, arrived at Norfolk yesterday to attend the funeral of the late Governor. The Governor was met at the depot in Portsmouth by Col. C. A. Nash and staff, of the Fourth Virginia Regiment, who escorted him to the hotel. A detachment of the Norfolk Light Artillery fired a salute of seventeen guns as the steamer reached the city, and in Portsmouth Grim's Battery fired seventeen guns as the Governor's train moved through the street.

The Virginia board of public works has elected Wm. M. Polk, ex-Governor of Washington, architect for the new State library building. And Mr. Mayo entered a protest against selecting an architect at this time because the act had not been published, the architects of the State had not been requested to submit plans and evidences of their capacity, and consequently did not know the wishes of the commission, because only two architects had submitted testimonials of their skill, and because, as he declared in conclusion, he could not at this stage of the matter vote intelligently upon it.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Mr. Balfour stated in the House of Commons yesterday that the self-governed British colonies were legally free to form a commercial league.

Frank R. Draeger yesterday shot and fatally wounded Mrs. H. O. Fick, of Cleveland, O., who, he charged, had hypnotized him.

The citizens of Toronto are to have an opportunity shortly to vote for or against the annexation of Canada to the United States, as a Toronto has announced himself a candidate on that platform.

Several New York bankers will be examined under letters rogatory from the French courts where Count Ferdinand de Lesseps is to be tried on charges of swindling and breach of trust.

Chili will pay the claims of the Baltimore's sailors as a charitable humane act. The Chilean Congress will vote the sums agreed upon, not in acknowledgment of the right of the demand, but after the precedent established by the United States in the case of the Chinese at Rock Springs.

Mr. Springer has written a letter to Mr. McMillin, in which he says, in consequence of his feeble condition he is compelled to abandon the idea of closing the debate on the bill to place wool on the free list and reduce the duty on woolen goods. He, however, hopes to be able to appear in the House on Monday next, and move the passage of the free wool bill. Mr. Mills, contrary to expectations, has decided to withhold his speech in the House and wait until the tariff debate opens in the Senate.

Dr. Hutchinson, who made the post-mortem examination, near Liverpool, of the bodies of Mrs. Desmear and her four children, states that the crime discloses a calculating wickedness and cool, heartless savagery that is almost beyond belief. The murder was the work of an expert. Only in one case was the stroke that caused death more than sufficient for that purpose. Each stroke severed a vital organ, and no more might have been accomplished by a surgeon or butcher who knew his business well.

PICTURES DRAWN WITH THE TYPE-WRITER.—What can be done by an agile typewriter on that now omnipresent instrument is shown at the Pratt Institute, in Brooklyn. One of the graduates of its "department of commerce" has sent the director a series of nine different outline pictures, varying from Pratt Institute as a subject to a train in Tipu, in which the perspective was admirably accomplished. Birds, clouds and trees were all outlined. The result was accomplished by a dexterous manipulation of the capital letters of the key-board, and an ingenious combination of the dollar, percent, number and punctuation signs.